RECOMMENDED ACTION: Authorization to disburse an amount not to exceed four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) to the Crystal Cove Alliance to assist with restoration of the Crystal Cove Historic District Beaches Cottage in Crystal Cove State Park, Orange County.

LOCATION: Crystal Cove State Park Historic District, Orange County.

PROGRAM CATEGORY: Educational Projects and Public Access

EXHIBITS

Exhibit 1: Project Location and Site Map
Exhibit 2: Crystal Cove Historic District Beaches Cottage Images
Exhibit 3: Crystal Cove Historic District Preservation and Public Use Plan
Exhibit 4: Crystal Cove Historic District Preservation and Public Use Plan Final Environmental Impact Report including Mitigation and Monitoring Program
Exhibit 5: Project Letters

RESOLUTION AND FINDINGS:

Staff recommends that the State Coastal Conservancy adopt the following resolution pursuant to Sections 31119 and 31400-31400.3 of the Public Resources Code:

“The State Coastal Conservancy hereby authorizes the disbursement of an amount not to exceed four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) to the Crystal Cove Alliance to assist with restoration of the Crystal Cove Historic District Beaches Cottage at Crystal Cove State Park, Orange County, subject to the following conditions:

1. Prior to the disbursement of any Conservancy funds for construction, the Crystal Cove Alliance shall submit for the review and approval of the Executive Officer...
of the Conservancy:

a. Evidence that the Crystal Cove Alliance and/or California Department of Parks and Recreation has obtained all necessary permits and approvals and adequate funding to complete the project.

b. A detailed, final work plan, a project schedule and budget.

c. The names and qualifications of any contractors to be used in the completion of the project.

2. The Crystal Cove Alliance and California Department of Parks and Recreation shall enter into an agreement consistent with Section 31116(c) of the Public Resources Code, to protect the public’s interest in the constructed improvements at the project site.

3. The Crystal Cove Alliance shall install and maintain signs on the project site, the design, number and placement of which has been approved by the Conservancy’s Executive Officer, acknowledging Conservancy funding participation.

4. The Crystal Cove Alliance shall fully repay four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) to the Conservancy on terms satisfactory to the Executive Officer.

5. The Crystal Cove Alliance shall provide security to the Conservancy in a form and amount deemed adequate by the Executive Officer to secure repayment of the four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) to the Conservancy.”

Staff further recommends that the Conservancy adopt the following findings:

“Based on the accompanying staff report and attached exhibits, the State Coastal Conservancy hereby finds that:

1. The proposed authorization is consistent with the purposes and objectives of Section 31119 and Sections 31400 et seq of Division 21 of the Public Resources Code.

2. The proposed authorization is consistent with the Project Selection Criteria and Guidelines last updated by the Conservancy on June 4, 2009.

3. The proposed project will serve greater than local needs.

4. The Conservancy has independently reviewed the Crystal Cove Historic District Preservation and Public Use Plan Final Environmental Impact Report, adopted by the California Department of Parks and Recreation on February 25, 2003, attached to the accompanying staff recommendation as Exhibit 4, and finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project, as mitigated, will have a significant effect on the environment, as defined in 14 Cal. Code Regulations Section 15382.
5. The Crystal Cove Alliance is a nonprofit organization existing under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, whose purposes are consistent with Division 21 of the California Public Resources Code.

PROJECT SUMMARY:

Staff recommends authorization to disburse up to four hundred thousand dollars ($400,000) to the Crystal Cove Alliance (CCA) to assist with restoration of the Beaches Cottage at Crystal Cove Historic District for the purpose of improving public access and recreational opportunities on the coast.

The Crystal Cove Historic District is a 12.3-acre coastal portion of the 2,791-acre Crystal Cove State Park. The federally listed Historic District is an enclave of 46 vintage coastal cottages originally built in the 1920’s and 1930’s near the mouth of Los Trancos Creek. It is one of the last remaining examples of early 20th century Southern California coastal development. The cottages are now undergoing restoration under the direction of the CCA in accordance with the Crystal Cove Historic District Preservation and Public Use Plan.

The California Department of Parks and Recreation (State Parks) and the CCA began restoration of the Historic District in 2003 and have completed 22 historic structures, including thirteen cottages that are available by reservation as overnight accommodations. Other rehabilitated cottages now serve as the Beachcomber Café, the Park Visitors’ Center, the rotating exhibits facility, the Park Interpretive Store and Cultural Center, and the Park and Marine Research Facility. The Crystal Cove Historic District was a winner of the 2007 Governor’s Award for Historic Preservation.

The historic and affordable overnight coastal lodging opportunity at the Crystal Cove Historic District drew statewide attention when the facilities opened four years ago and continues to be in overwhelming demand. There is no comparable experience for coastal access and lodging in the state. Cottage rentals have experienced greater than 95% occupancy rates and have been visited by 95,000 people since they were opened in June 2006. Demand for rental cottages far exceeds availability with approximately 14,000 people per month vying for availability of 400 nightly rentals. The park overall receives 800,000 annual visitors.

The proposed project will continue the restoration of the Crystal Cove Historic District through the rehabilitation of cottage number 13, known as the Beaches Cottage. This cottage was featured in the 1988 Academy Ward-nominated movie *Beaches*. The Beaches Cottage upon restoration will be used as the Park Museum, open to the public free of charge. The Museum will be used as the site for 4-6 environmental education programs. The Museum also will exhibit the history of the more than 20 movies that have been filmed on location at Crystal Cove. Visitation to the Museum is predicted to be 50,000 visitors per year.
This phase of the restoration project is scheduled to begin in November of 2010 and conclude in April 2011. Architectural and engineering construction documents have been prepared and the project would be constructed concurrent with Phase II construction already in progress, supported with partial funding from the Coastal Conservancy.

The CCA is uniquely qualified to undertake this project. It has successfully completed restoration of 22 cottages to date. CCA was specifically established as a nonprofit organization with the mission to “to restore, renovate and preserve for future generations the Crystal Cove Historic District's unique cultural, natural and historic resources by creating living experiences for the education and enjoyment of all.” As Crystal Cove State Park’s official non-profit partner, CCA was awarded a 20-year concession services contract for the restaurants and cottage rentals in April, 2006. Proceeds from these sources will enable CCA to repay the reimbursable grant making this project possible.

**Site Description:** Crystal Cove is located in Orange County between Newport Beach and Laguna Beach. The Crystal Cove Historic District is a 12.3-acre coastal portion of the 2,791-acre Crystal Cove State Park. The federally listed Historic District is an enclave of 46 vintage coastal cottages originally built in the 1920’s and 1930’s near the mouth of Los Trancos Creek. It is one of the last remaining examples of early 20th century Southern California coastal development.

Crystal Cove State Park has 3.2 miles of beach and 2,400 acres of undeveloped woodland. The park is used for a variety of recreational activities including hiking, biking, horseback riding, swimming and surfing, scuba diving, fishing, kayaking and tidepool exploration.

The offshore waters are designated as an underwater park. Rare and endangered species within the park include the California gnatcatcher, the Western Snowy plover, a variety of tidepool species, and plants including Turkish rugging (Chorizanthe staticoides) and multi-stemmed dudleyas (Dudleya multicaulis).

**Project History:** Early residents of the Crystal Cove Historic District lived in seasonal tents. Eventually 46 seasonal cottages were built as vacation and year-round residences under long-term leases with the landholder, the Irvine Company. The land was sold to State Parks in 1979 for eventual public use and that same year the cottages that make up the Crystal Cove Historic District were listed on the National Register of Historic Places.

The Crystal Cove Alliance was founded in 1999 with a mission “to restore, renovate and preserve for future generations the Crystal Cove Historic District's unique cultural, natural and historic resources by creating living experiences for the education and enjoyment of all.”

In 2001, the Conservancy authorized $2,000,000 to help State Parks acquire and retire development rights to Crystal Cove Historic District, maximize public access to the Historic District and the adjoining beach. After years of planning, State Parks, with CCA’s assistance, completed the first phase of the Historic District restoration in 2006,
with 22 cottages fully completed at a cost of $14 million. Thirteen of these cottages are now available by reservation as overnight accommodations. The Crystal Cove Historic District was a winner of the 2007 Governor’s Award for Historic Preservation. Other rehabilitated cottages now serve as the Beachcomber Café, the Park Visitors’ Center, the rotating exhibits facility, the Park Interpretive Store and Cultural Center, and the Park and Marine Research Facility.

In September, 2008 the Conservancy Board approved a grant of $1 million to Crystal Cove Alliance for Phase II of the Crystal Cove Historic District Renovation Project. That project is repairing and refurbishing two additional cottages for overnight accommodations to help meet overwhelming demand from the public. One additional cottage is being converted to a house museum and lifeguard station and several other buildings are being renovated to support park operation and provide a much needed public restroom.

PROJECT FINANCING:

| Coastal Conservancy Reimbursable Grant | $400,000 |
| California Cultural and Historical Endowment | $500,000 |
| **Total Project Cost** | **$900,000** |

The expected source of funds for this project is the FY 2008/2009 appropriation to the Conservancy from the Safe Drinking Water, Water Quality and Supply, Flood Control, River and Coastal Protection Bond Act of 2006 (Proposition 84, Public Resources Code sections 75001-75130), which allocates bond funds to the Conservancy for the purposes of Division 21 of the Public Resources Code.

Consistent with the purposes of this funding source, the proposed project would be carried out in accordance with the provisions of Section 31119 and Sections 31400 et seq of Division 21 (see “Consistency with Conservancy's Enabling Legislation” section below) providing coastal public access and coastal resource education programs.

Proposition 84 authorizes the use of bond funds for projects that promote access to and enjoyment of the coastal resources of the state (Public Resources Code Section 75060).

The CCA has obtained other funding for previous phases of the Crystal Cove Historic District Restoration project from a variety of sources, including the local community and earned income through Park concessions. Revenue from cottage rentals and food service has already funded the design and engineering phase of this project.

The source of repayment of the reimbursable grant would be 100% from the CCA Concession Facility Improvement Account which receives 12 percent of Crystal Cove concession revenues annually.
CONSISTENCY WITH CONSERVANCY’S ENABLING LEGISLATION:

This proposed project would be undertaken pursuant to Section 31119 (regarding education projects) and Sections 31400 et seq. (regarding public access to the coast) of the Conservancy’s enabling legislation.

Section 31119 of the Public Resources Code enables the Conservancy to “undertake educational projects and programs for pupils in kindergarten to grade 12, inclusive, relating to the preservation, protection, enhancement and maintenance of coastal resources,” and to “award grants to nonprofit organizations, educational institutions, and public agencies for those purposes.” Pub. Res. Code Section 31119(a)(1). The proposed project will create and improve space for the coastal resource programs offered at the Crystal Cove Historic District.

Sections 31400 et seq. of the Public Resources Code authorizes the Conservancy to implement a system of public accessways to and along the State’s coastline (Section 31400). Through the proposed authorization, the Conservancy would provide an important public coastal access opportunity for the general public as well as grade school and high school students.

Consistent with Section 31400, the proposed project would provide funding to the CCA to complete a facility that provides coastal access and interpretation to school children and other visitors. Completion of the Beaches Cottage Restoration will enhance the quality of public access at the Crystal Cove Historic District and will increase the public’s knowledge of important resource protection needs for the ocean and shore.

Consistent with Section 31400.1, the proposed project would help the CCA develop and operate the Crystal Cove Historic District, a public access visitor facility which serves greater than local needs.

Consistent with Section 31400.2, staff recommends approval of this project after evaluating the amount of funding provided by the Conservancy in light of the total amount of available funds for public accessway projects, the fiscal resources of the grantee, the urgency of the project relative to other eligible projects, and the application of factors prescribed by the Conservancy for the purpose of determining project eligibility and priority (see “Consistency with Conservancy's Project Selection Criteria & Guidelines” discussion below).

Consistent with Section 31400.3, the Crystal Cove Historic District will provide the public with an enhanced coastal accessway and related functions in order to appreciate the coastal resources of Orange County.

CONSISTENCY WITH CONSERVANCY'S STRATEGIC PLAN GOAL(S) & OBJECTIVE(S):
Consistent with **Goal 2 Objective 2E**, the proposed project will provide reconstruction of a dilapidated and unsafe facility at the Crystal Cove Historic District to increase and enhance coastal recreation opportunities for residents and visitors.

**CONSISTENCY WITH CONSERVANCY'S PROJECT SELECTION CRITERIA & GUIDELINES:**

The proposed project is consistent with the Conservancy’s Project Selection Criteria and Guidelines last updated by the Conservancy on June 4, 2009 in the following respects:

**Required Criteria**

1. **Promotion of the Conservancy’s statutory programs and purposes:** See the “Consistency with Conservancy’s Enabling Legislation” section above.

2. **Consistency with purposes of the funding source:** See the “Project Financing” section above.

3. **Support from the public:** The CCA is a nonprofit organization with a broad membership base from throughout Southern California. The proposed project is supported by these members and the thousands of visitors who, since the day of opening, have made use of the affordable lodging available at the Crystal Cove cottages as well as those that make day-use of the beach and facilities at the Crystal Cove Historic District. The project also is supported by CCA’s partner organizations, the California State Parks Foundation, the City of Laguna Beach, State Senator Tom Harman, State Parks Department, and The Ocean Institute.

4. **Location:** The proposed project would be located within the coastal zone of Orange County.

5. **Need:** The proposed project is scheduled to begin construction in November, 2010. Conservancy funding is essential to allow the project to proceed on schedule and to provide the necessary match for funding from the California Cultural and Historical Endowment. Construction of Phase II is underway and the project will realize cost savings by avoiding additional construction mobilization costs.

6. **Greater-than-local interest:** The historic and affordable overnight coastal lodging opportunity at the Crystal Cove Historic District drew statewide attention when the facilities opened four years ago and continues to be in overwhelming demand. There is no comparable experience for coastal access and lodging in the state. The recent completion of the Park and Marine Research facility and the development of the Education Commons and museum under Phase II of the restoration ensure statewide and national interest in this coastal access resource. The Beaches Cottage Restoration will further enhance the visitor experience at Crystal Cove.

7. **Sea level rise vulnerability:** The elevation of the Beaches Cottage foundation pad is 12.0 Feet (144 inches). This elevation is 7 feet and 5 inches (89 inches) above projected sea level rise of 55 inches by the year 2100.
Additional Criteria

8. **Urgency:** There is extreme urgency in implementing the restoration as the facilities will continue to deteriorate, potentially beyond possible restoration, if the project does not proceed in a timely manner.

9. **Resolution of more than one issue:** The proposed project provides increased coastal access and increased recreational, educational and interpretive opportunities.

10. **Leverage:** See the “Project Financing” section above.

12. **Innovation:** The proposed project continues the innovative approach to improving coastal access and recreational experiences through the renovation and use of uniquely historic California beach cottages.

13. **Readiness:** The CCA has completed design and engineering for the project and will be ready to implement the project when funding is available.

14. **Realization of prior Conservancy goals:** With Conservancy funding, in 2001 State Parks acquired and retired development rights to Crystal Cove Historic District to maximize public access to the Historic District and the adjoining beach. In September, 2008 the Conservancy Board approved funding for Phase II of the Crystal Cove Historic District restoration. The proposed project continues restoration of the Historic District cottages.

15. **Return to Conservancy:** Funds will be repaid to the Conservancy, consistent with the Conservancy’s long-term financial strategy.

16. **Cooperation:** The CCA will carry out the proposed project in close cooperation with State Parks with additional support from its partner organizations and many volunteers.

**CONSISTENCY WITH LOCAL COASTAL PROGRAM POLICIES:**

This project specifically implements the Crystal Cove Historic District Preservation and Public Use Plan (PPUP) which was approved by the State Parks and Recreation Commission on February 1, 2003. The PPUP was conditionally approved by the California Coastal Commission on June 11, 2003. Compliance with the approval conditions were competed in December 2003 and have been incorporated as refinements in the final PPUP.

The PPUP provides for public access and use through four adaptive use programs for the rehabilitated cottages: Park Interpretation and Education; Overnight Accommodations; Visitor Serving Concessions, and Park Operations. The PPUP includes an Amendment to the Crystal Cove State Park General Plan, an approved Public Works Plan. The Crystal Cove PWP Amendment 4-82-A2 was certified by the California Coastal Commission on December 12, 2003.
The proposed project specifically implements the following general goals and specific objectives of the PPUP:

General goals:
- Protect natural, cultural, and recreational resources.
- Expand recreational access and opportunities.
- Provide public opportunities to enjoy overnight stays in the Historic District.
- Involve the public in building a new Crystal Cove community.

Specific objectives:

Cultural Resources Preservation Objectives
- Preserve the historic elements and features of the Historic District landscape such as its spatial organization, structures and buildings, vegetation, circulation and water features, and topography.
- Rehabilitate as many cottages as practical for appropriate adaptive uses.
- Maintain structures according to federal and state standards and mandates.
- Rehabilitate cottages to preserve their significant “flow of history” changes through time.
- Where possible, new visitor support requirements will be met by rehabilitating and adapting existing structures.

Natural Resources Preservation Objectives
- Major site modifications (such as buttressing) will only be used to preserve cottages when such modifications can be done in a way that does not alter historic character or natural geologic condition.
- No new seawalls or shoreline armoring will be used to preserve cottages.

Accessibility/Recreational Opportunity Objective
- Provide general and varied access as feasible to park recreational opportunities and to as many cottages for visitors with diverse backgrounds, ages, and abilities.

Cottage Adaptive Use Goals and Objectives
- Select cottage adaptive uses consistent with the park’s Declaration of Purpose for a variety of public interests.
- Use indoor and outdoor cottage spaces to promote park interpretation, education, and research.
- Accommodate necessary park visitor support facilities.

Community-Building Goals and Objectives
- Involve local community interests, energy, and resources to fulfill the park’s mission, interpretive programs, and to build a public Crystal Cove Community.
- Create opportunities for community programs and partnerships.
- Provide opportunities for interaction and learning among visitors, educators, and “community facilitators.”
COMPLIANCE WITH CEQA:

The proposed project at Crystal Cove Historic District is analyzed in the Environmental Impact Report for the Crystal Cove Historic District and Los Trancos areas of Crystal Cove State Park, prepared and adopted by State Parks on February 25, 2003 (EIR) (See Exhibit 4).

As a responsible agency under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the Conservancy must independently analyze the components of the project it seeks to fund under this authorization.

Potential significant effects to historic resources, marine and shore habitat, vegetation, wildlife, stream resources including wetlands, paleontology, coastal processes, geology and erosion, archaeology, water quality, and traffic may result from the proposed project. The EIR identified the possible impacts of the proposed project and mitigation measures as discussed below.

Historic Resources: Since the Historical District is on a National Register of Historic Places, the proposed project may adversely change the historical resources from reconstruction of the buildings. Under CEQA, any changes to a historical resource are considered to be a significant impact. The EIR proposes mitigation measures which will mitigate the level of significance to an insignificant level. Project design and implementation will utilize appropriate historic property treatments, and preservation practices. All work tasks will be designed and implemented in compliance with the Secretary of the Interior’s Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties and Cultural Landscapes (Weeks and Grimmer 1995; Birnbaum and Peters 1996) and must be approved by a state park historian. CEQA utilizes these standards and guidelines as the benchmark for appropriate treatment to reduce potential effects and/or substantial changes to historical resources to a level below significance. If the dilapidated/destroyed sections of historic features represent original historic fabric, these features shall be replaced with identical type materials.

Proposed project activities that may affect the landscape plantings and landform within the Historic District must refer to Historic Landscape Management Plan (HLMP) for all specific historical landscape treatments, horticultural management and on-going maintenance, Los Trancos Creek management, and native vegetation and habitat management within the Historic District and adjacent vegetation transition areas.

Aesthetics: Implementation of the proposed project may potentially cause significant adverse temporary effects to aesthetics during construction. These temporary adverse effects include visual impacts associated with slope reconstruction, temporary relocation and replacement of cottages, construction associated with the historic property treatments, and temporary fencing necessary for health and safety. The EIR found that these impacts can be mitigated through the use of fencing, tenting and by moving programs to areas not affected by construction. Permanent adverse aesthetic effects shall
be reduced below the level of significance through careful design, choice of compatible materials, and other screening strategies.

Water Quality: The proposed project may have the potential to adversely affect water quality. Best Management Practices shall be used to protect on site and nearby resources. Stormwater and pollutants shall be contained on site and evacuated offsite to an appropriate, approved facility. No pollutants or sediment shall be allowed to enter Los Trancos Creek or the ocean.

Increased Public Use: For activities that may affect coastal ecology, adaptive management will be used as mitigation for the project’s potential to increase the public presence on site. Education both on-site and off-site will help visitors avoid or minimize impacts to intertidal areas. A SCUBA/skin diver pamphlet will be distributed to divers. Ongoing monitoring will provide data on the effectiveness of the management and more intensive tools will be utilized if needed. More intensive management includes increased Ranger or Lifeguard patrols and seasonally restricting public access to sensitive areas.

Biological Resources: For all activities that may affect biological resources, a state park ecologist must review and approve the final working drawings and plant palette in ecologically sensitive areas. An approved biologist will monitor construction activities. Temporarily disturbed areas will be replanted with appropriate plant species, either historic landscape plantings or CSS species depending on the pre-construction composition, location, fire department requirements, and historic landscape plan. Sensitive plants adjacent to the project area will be fenced and avoided.

Soil Disturbance: Adverse impacts to soils from project activities will be temporary. All soil disturbing activities including grading and excavating are subject to permit conditions and Best Management Practices will be used to avoid and minimize impacts associated with construction.

Archeological Resources: Activities that may affect archaeological resources include any trenching or excavation anywhere in the Historic District that would extend more than 1 meter below the surface and will be monitored or pre-tested by a qualified archaeologist. If cultural materials are discovered during monitoring, work shall be redirected until an archaeologist can determine the appropriate action for data recovery.

Coastal Processes, Geology and Erosion: For all activities that may affect Coastal Processes, Geology & Erosion the least invasive design for reconstruction of the slopes that is aesthetically pleasing and conforms to the Historic Landscape Management Plan while protecting the public from landslides will be used. No protection will be provided from wave up-rush of historic features and structures due to building new hardened protection devices. Sand bags or sand berms may be used to protect against flooding from Los Trancos Creek or waves. On site lifeguards and rangers will evacuate people, if necessary, to avoid placing the public at risk.
Paleontology: For all activities that may affect paleontological resources on site, a qualified paleontologist will develop a plan for salvaging and/or protecting paleontological resources during the construction phase of the project. If paleontological resources are found on-site, work will be redirected until the resource can be recorded and or recovered.

Although The Crystal Cove Beaches Cottage Restoration project was analyzed under CEQA, subsequent to the approval of the 2003 EIR in March 2010, the CEQA guidelines were amended to include a requirement for analysis of a project’s potential greenhouse gas emissions. In particular, a lead agency must consider the extent to which the project may increase or reduce greenhouse gas emissions as compared to the existing environmental setting; whether the project emissions exceed a threshold of significance that the lead agency determines applies to the project; and the extent to which the project complies with regulations or requirements adopted to implement a statewide, regional, or local plan for the reduction or mitigation of greenhouse gas emissions. (14 Cal. Code of Regs Section 15064.4(b)) This evaluation may be a qualitative analysis. (14 Cal. Code of Regs Section 15604.4(a)) Although the Conservancy is not the lead agency under CEQA for this project, the Conservancy, as a responsible agency, must independently analyze the project including any new information regarding the project’s possible greenhouse gas effects and make a finding that the project does not have the potential for a significant effect on the environment.

No existing plan or mitigation program for greenhouse gas emissions has been adopted yet for Orange County. The South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) also has not yet formally adopted greenhouse gas significance thresholds. According to the SCAQMD’s Greenhouse Gases (GHG) CEQA Significance Thresholds document, available at http://www.aqmd.gov/ceqa/handbook/GHG/GHG.html, “For the purposes of determining whether or not GHG emissions from affected projects are significant, project emissions will include direct, indirect, and, to the extent information is available, life cycle emissions during construction and operation. Construction emissions will be amortized over the life of the project, defined as 30 years, added to the operational emissions…”

Conservancy staff finds no substantial evidence that the project would have any significant new direct or indirect physical change to the environment due to greenhouse gas emissions The Crystal Cove Beaches Cottage Restoration project is an add-on element to the Phase II construction already underway. The renovation of this one additional cottage will not result in additional construction and operations traffic and associated greenhouse gas emissions. Additionally, since this project is a historic restoration, construction materials will largely consist of reuse and recycling of on-site materials wherever possible thus minimizing potential indirect emissions such as embodied energy in materials used.

Staff has independently reviewed the State Parks EIR for the proposed project and any new information regarding the project’s potential significant effects due to greenhouse gas emissions and recommends that the Conservancy find that the proposed project, as
mitigated, does not have the potential for a significant effect on the environment, as defined in 14 Cal. Code Regulations Section 15382. Upon approval, staff will file a Notice of Determination for this project.